

OLED DISPLAY MODULE DATASHEET



Datasheet Release Date 2017-04-10 for CFAL12832A-022W

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1. General Information

Datasheet Revision History

Datasheet Release: 2017-04-10

Datasheet v1.0 for the CFAL12832A-022W OLED graphic display module.

Product Change Notifications

To check for or subscribe to "Part Change Notices" for this display module, see the <u>Product Notices</u> tab on the product's webpage.

Variations

Slight variations (for example, contrast, color, or intensity) between lots are normal.

Volatility

This display module has volatile memory.

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2. General Description

This is a chip-on-glass OLED anti-glare monochrome graphic display module that is lightweight and ultra-thin with low power consumption. This display is white; however, it is also available in yellow, amber, green, red, and blue.

3. Features

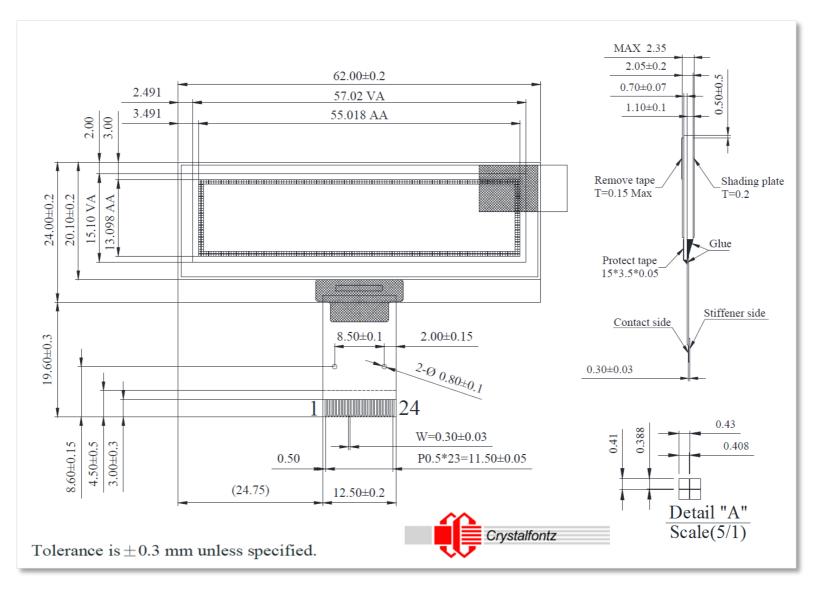
- 128*32 Dot Matrix
- Built-in Controller SSD1305Z
- +3V Power Supply
- 1/32 Duty
- Interface: 6800, 8080, SPI, I2C
- Anti-glare Polarizer (without polarizer optional)

4. Mechanical Data

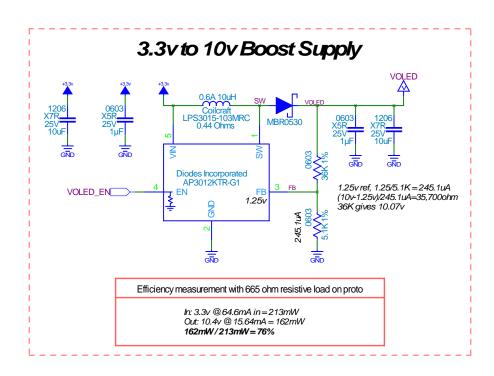
Item	Standard View	Unit
Module Dimension	62.0 x 24.0	mm
Viewing Area	57.02 x 15.10	mm
Active Area	55.018 x 13.098	mm
Dot Pitch	0.43 x 0.41	mm
Dot Size	0.408 x 0.388	mm

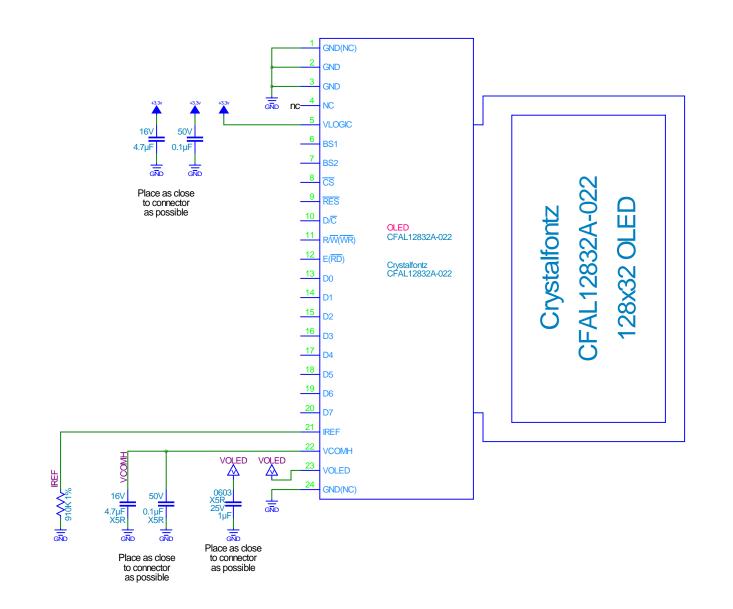


Mechanical Drawing



REV	ENGINEER	DATE	REMARKS
-	BAC	2018-08-23	Initial Creation
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-









5. Interface PIN Function

PIN No.	Symbol	Function				
1	NC (GND)	No Connection				
2	V _{LSS}	Analog System Ground Pin				
3	V _{SS}	Ground Pin				
4	NC	No Connection				
5	V _{DD}	Voltage for Logic				
6	BS1	Communicating Protocol Select These pins are for the MCU Interface Selection input.				
7	BS2	68XX 80XX Serial I²C BS1 0 1 0 1 BS2 1 1 0 0				
8	CS#	This pin is the Chip Select input pin (active low).				
9	RES#	This pin is the Reset Signal input pin. When the pin is low, initialization of the chip is executed. Keep this pin high (i.e., connect to V_{DDIO}), during normal operation.				
10	D/C#	This is the Data/Command control pin. When it is pulled high (i.e., connect to V _{DDIO}), the data at D[7:0] is treated as data. When it is pulled low, the data at D[7:0] will be transferred to the command register. In I ² C mode, this pin acts as SA0 for slave address selection.				
11	WR#	This pin is the Write/Read control input pin that connects to the MCU interface. When 6800 interface mode is selected, this pin will be used as Write/Read selection input. Read mode will be carried out when this pin is pulled high (i.e., connect to VDDIO), and Write/Read when low. When 8080 interface mode is selected, this pin will be the Write (WR#) input. Data write operation is initiated when this pin is pulled low and the chip is selected. When serial interface is selected, this pin must be connected to Vss.				
12	E/RD#	This pin is the MCU interface input. When 6800 interface mode is selected, this pin will be used as the Enable (E) signal. Write/Read operation is initiated when this pin is pulled high (i.e., connect to V _{DDIO}), and the chip is selected. When 8080 interface mode is selected, this pin receives the Read (RD#) signal. Read operation is initiated when this pin is pulled low and the chip is selected. When serial interface is selected, this pin must be connected to V _{SS} .				
13-20	D0-D7	Data Bus (8-bit bi-directional) When Serial interface mode is selected, D0 will be the serial clock input: SCLK; D1 will be the serial data input: SDIN and D2 should be left opened. When I2C mode is selected, D2, D1 should be tied together and serve as SDAout, SDAin in application and D0 is the serial clock input, SCL.				
21	I _{REF}	This is the Segment Output Current reference pin. A resistor should be connected between this pin and VSS to maintain the I _{REF} current at 10uA.				
22	Vсомн	This pin is for the COM Signal Deselected voltage level. A capacitor should be connected between this pin and V _{SS} .				
23	V _{CC}	Power supply for the Panel Driving Voltage. This is also the most positive Power Voltage Supply pin.				
24	NC (GND)	No Connection				



6. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Supply Voltage for Logic	V_{DD}	-0.3	4	V	(1)(2)(3)
Supply Voltage for Display	Vcc	0	15	V	(1)(2)(3)
Operating Temperature	T _{OP}	-40	+80	°C	-
Storage Temperature	T _{STG}	-40	+80	°C	-

Notes:

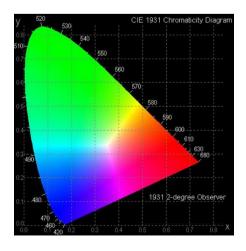
- (1) All of the above voltages are on the basis of $V_{SS} = 0V$.
- (2) These are stress ratings only. Extended exposure to the absolute maximum ratings listed above may affect device reliability or cause permanent damage.
- (3) Functional operation should be restricted to the limits in the Electrical Characteristics table below.

7. Electrical Characteristics

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage for Logic	V_{DD}	-	2.8	3.0	3.3	٧
Supply Voltage for Display	Vcc	1	10	12	15	>
High-level Input	VIH	-	0.8 x V _{DD}	-	V_{DD}	V
Low-level Input	V _{IL}	-	0	-	$0.2 \times V_{DD}$	V
High-level Output	Vон	-	0.9 x V _{DD}	-	V_{DD}	٧
Low-level Output	Vol	-	0	-	0.1 x V _{DD}	V
Supply Current	Icc	V _{CC} = 12.0V	20	21	25	mA

8. Optical Characteristics

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
View As als	(V)θ		160			deg
View Angle	(Η)φ		160			deg
Contrast Ratio	CR	Dark	2000:1		-	-
Response Time	T rise	-	-	10	-	μs
	T fall	-	-	10	-	μs
Supply Voltage for V _{CC} = 12.0V						
Display with 50% Check Board Brightness		With polarizer	100	120	-	nits
CIEx (White)		(CIE1931)	0.26	0.28	0.30	-
CIEy (White)		(CIE1931)	0.30	0.32	0.34	-





9. OLED Lifetime

Item	Item Conditions		Typical	Notes	
Operating Lifetime	Ta=25°C Initial 50% check board brightness Typical Value	20,000 Hrs	-	(1)(2)(3)	

Notes:

- (1) Lifetime is defined as the amount of time when the luminance has decayed to <50% of the initial value.
- (2) This analysis method uses life data obtained under accelerated conditions to extrapolate an estimated Probability Density Function (PDF) for the product under normal use conditions.
- (3) Screen saving mode will extend OLED lifetime.

10. Precautions in Use of OLED Modules

10.1. Modules

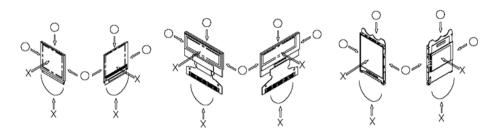
- Avoid applying excessive shocks to module or making any alterations or modifications to it.
- Do not make extra holes on the printed circuit board, modify its shape or change the components
 of OLED display module.
- Do not disassemble the OLED display module.
- Do not operate the OLED display module above the absolute maximum rating.
- Do not drop, bend or twist the OLED display module.
- Soldering: only to the I/O terminals.
- Store in an anti-static electricity container and clean environment.
- It is common to use the "screen saver" to extend the lifetime of the OLED display module.
 - o Do not use the fixed information for long periods of time in real application.
 - Do not use fixed information in OLED panel for long periods of time to extend "screen burn" effect time.
- Crystalfontz has the right to change the passive components, including R2and R3 adjust resistors. (Resistors, capacitors and other passive components will have different appearance and color caused by the different supplier.)
- Crystalfontz have the right to change the PCB Rev. (In order to satisfy the supplying stability, management optimization and the best product performance, etc., under the premise of not affecting the electrical characteristics and external dimensions, Crystalfontz has the right to modify the version.).

10.2. Handling Precautions

- Since the display panel is made of glass, do not apply mechanical impacts such as dropping from a high position.
- If the display panel is accidently broken, and the internal organic substance leaks out, be careful not to inhale or touch the organic substance.
- If pressure is applied to the display surface or its neighborhood of the OLED display module, the cell structure may be damaged, so be careful not to apply pressure to these sections.
- The polarizer covering the surface of the OLED display module is soft and can be easily scratched. Please be careful when handling the OLED display module.
- Clean the surface of the polarizer covering the OLED display module if it becomes soiled using following adhesion tape.
 - Scotch Mending Tape No. 810 or an equivalent
 - Never breathe the soiled surface or wipe the surface using a cloth containing solvent such as ethyl alcohol, since the surface of the polarizer will become cloudy.
 - o The following liquids/solvents may spoil the polarizer:
 - Water
 - Ketone
 - Aromatic Solvents



- Hold the OLED display module very carefully when placing the OLED display module into the system housing.
- Do not apply excessive stress or pressure to the OLED display module. And, do not over bend
 the film with electrode pattern layouts. These stresses will influence the display performance.
 Also, be sure to secure the sufficient rigidity for the outer cases.



- Do not apply stress to the LSI chips and the surrounding molded sections.
- Do not disassemble or modify the OLED display module.
- Do not apply input signals while the logic power is off.
- Pay sufficient attention to the working environments when handing the OLED display module to prevent occurrence of element breakage accidents by static electricity.
 - o Be sure to make human body grounding when handling OLED display modules.
 - o Be sure to ground tools to use for assembly such as soldering irons.
 - To suppress generation of static electricity, avoid carrying out assembly work under dry environments.
 - Protective film is being applied to the surface of the display panel of the OLED display module. Be careful since static electricity may be generated when exfoliating the protective film.
- Protection film is being applied to the surface of the display panel and removes the protection film before assembling it. At this time, if the OLED display module has been stored for a long period of time, residue adhesive material of the protection film may remain on the surface of the display panel after the film has been removed. In such a case, remove the residue material by the method discussed above.
- If electric current is applied when the OLED display module is being dewed or when it is placed under high humidity environments, the electrodes may become corroded. If this happens proceed with caution when handling the OLED display module.

10.3. Storage Precautions

- When storing the OLED display modules put them in static electricity preventive bags to avoid exposure to direct sunlight and fluorescent lamps. Also avoid high temperature and high humidity environments and low temperatures (less than 0°C) environments. (We recommend you store these modules in the packaged state when they were shipped from Crystalfontz). Be careful not to let water drops adhere to the packages or bags, and do not let dew gather on them.
- If electric current is applied when water drops are adhering to the surface of the OLED display module the OLED display module may have become dewed. If a dewed OLED display module is placed under high humidity environments it may cause the electrodes to become corroded. If this happens proceed with caution when handling the OLED display module.

10.4. Designing Precautions

- The absolute maximum ratings are the ratings that cannot be exceeded for OLED display module. If these values are exceeded, panel damage may happen.
- To prevent occurrence of malfunctioning by noise pay attention to satisfy the VIL and VIH specifications and, at the same time, to make the signal line cable as short as possible.
- We recommend that you install excess current preventive unit (fuses, etc.) to the power circuit (VDD). (Recommend value: 0.5A)
- Pay sufficient attention to avoid occurrence of mutual noise interference with the neighboring devices.
- As for EMI, take necessary measures on the equipment side.
- When fastening the OLED display module, fasten the external plastic housing section.



- If the power supply to the OLED display module is forcibly shut down, by such errors as taking out the main battery while the OLED display panel is in operation, we cannot guarantee the quality of this OLED display module.
 - o Connection (contact) to any other potential than the above may lead to rupture of the IC.

10.5. Precautions When Disposing of the OLED Display Modules

 Request the qualified companies to handle the industrial wastes when disposing of the OLED display modules. Or, when burning them, be sure to observe the environmental and hygienic laws and regulations.

10.6. Other Precautions

- When an OLED display module is operated for a long period of time with a fixed pattern, the fixed pattern may remain as an after image or a slight contrast deviation may occur.
 - If the operation is interrupted and left unused for a while, normal state can be restored.
 - o This will not cause a problem in the reliability of the module.
- To protect the OLED display module from performance drops by static electricity rapture, etc., do not touch the following sections whenever possible while handling the OLED display modules.
 - o Pins and electrodes
 - Pattern layouts such as the TCP & FPC
- With this OLED display module, the OLED driver is being exposed. Generally speaking, semiconductor elements change their characteristics when light is radiated according to the principle of the solar battery. Consequently, if this OLED driver is exposed to light, malfunctioning may occur.
 - Design the product and installation method so that the OLED driver may be shielded from light in actual usage.
 - Design the product and installation method so that the OLED driver may be shielded from light during the inspection processes.
- Although this OLED display module stores the operation state data by the commands and the
 indication data, when excessive external noise, etc. enters into the module, the internal status
 may be changed. Therefore, it is necessary to take appropriate measures to suppress noise
 generation or to protect from influences of noise on the system design.
- We recommend that you construct its software to make periodical refreshment of the operation statuses (re-setting of the commands and re-transference of the display data), to cope with catastrophic noise.
- Resistors, capacitors, and other passive components will have different appearance and color caused by the different supplier.
- Crystalfontz has the right to upgrade and modify the product function.

The limitation of FPC bending:

